

PERSHING HAS BEEN WARNED

Any Move on Part of Americans Beyond Present Lines Will Start War.

Chihuahua City, Mexico, June 16.—General Jacinto Trevino, commanding the Carranzista army of the north, today advised General J. J. Pershing, American expeditionary commander, that any movement of American troops from their present lines to the south, east or west, would be considered a hostile act and a signal to commence warfare. General Trevino acted upon specific instructions from General Carranza.

Washington, June 16.—President Wilson today virtually completed his reply to the Carranza note while its substance was being written into the Democratic platform at St. Louis. The reply itself may not be dispatched for several days, but administration officials indicated that General Carranza had only to read the party's Mexican plank to learn in advance what the American note would say.

The plank, framed in a large measure by the president himself, is taken as confirmation that renewed border raids and the anti-American demonstration in Mexico have not altered Mr. Wilson's determination that intervention will come only if it is forced by acts of Carranza or through his failure to exercise control over his army. There is a plain intimation that America's duty would not be shirked as a last resort and this serves as a warning to the Mexican government.

The note, the body of which was put into final form at a conference today between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, will not be sent, it is said, until details of the San Ignacio raid are available. It contains no statement, it is said, that should arouse hostility unless General Carranza is deliberately set upon bringing on a clash with the United States. Firm language is employed in refuting the charges and insinuations of bad faith contained in the Carranza communication.

As to withdrawal of the American expedition, the note coincides with the platform declaration by which the party pledges itself to maintain armed forces on the border land of Mexico until there remains no probability of bandit raids on American towns and ranches. It is emphasized tonight in administration quarters that the plank left no way open for a change of purpose in that regard. It may be several days before full information regarding the San Ignacio raid is at hand. Intimations that Carranza officials knew something of that affair have been received and are being investigated. Officials wish to see also whether Carranza troops will make any serious effort to capture the raiders. A paragraph dealing with this situation may be added before the note is sent.

GREAT POWER OF UNITED STATES

London, June 16.—The United States is the greatest potentiality on earth, and we are too rich in experience today to ignore a potentiality because it has not been realized.

We have seen our own nation, a nation as peaceful in its pursuits as the United States, turn itself into a nation of armed men in a few months. And what England has done America can do.

Do not let us forget that she has fought the most stubborn war in history and the most noble war—noble alike in its motives and in the grave regretful spirit in which it was waged.

America comes into the world's system to secure herself against war and the effects of war. That security cannot be had by one nation alone, however well armed, nor can it be had by the skillful balancing of one group of nations against another group. It can only be had by common force as its guarantee. That force must depend not on nations, but on mankind. We cannot get rid of force.

What we can do, and what President Wilson will use the power of the United States to accomplish, is to change the purpose for which that force is used. It has been the instrument of war between nations; he will make it the instrument of peace to defend the community of nations.

The sword America forges will be used, not to make war, but to make war on war and lay the foundation of world security.

What does this mean to Europe? It means that Europe is offered a way out of the pit that the new world comes in at last to restore the balance of the old world.

RUSSIANS HAVE 170,000 PRISONERS

Paris, June 16.—The forward drive of the Russian armies in Volynia, Galicia, and Bukovina continues with apparently undiminished success. From the Pripiet marshes southward to Czernowitz the forces of General Brusiloff, according to reports from Petrograd, are throwing back counter-attacks and are advancing. In their ten days the Russians have taken prisoner almost 170,000 men and have captured immense stores of war booty, says the Russian war office.

Battles southeast of Lutsk, between Kozin and Tarnovka and northwest of Buczacz have brought further successes to the Russian arms. In an action on the Bluhchevka river, southeast of Lutsk, more than 500 men were captured after the attacking Russians had forced the river. The fighting continues northwest of Buczacz, where the Germans are cooperating with the Austrians, but the Russians report the capture there thus far of 6,000 men from the Teutons.

Read the Classified Ads.

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TENSION FELT ON THE BORDER

Troops in El Paso Are Held Under Orders Owing to Reports From Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., June 16.—All American troops stationed in El Paso and its environs were ordered to quarters tonight to be held under arms until further notice. The orders followed reports to military headquarters that placards printed in Spanish had been posted in Juarez instructing citizens to receive military instructions that they may be prepared to repel possible invasion. The notice was signed by Jesus Valdez, a private citizen, who said he wished his people "to be prepared in the event of a break with the United States."

At the office of General George Bell, Jr., commandant, no explanation of the order was given, it being asserted that the orders were "mere precautionary measures." Included in the troops ordered to quarters were several companies of infantry which have, etc. The provost guard which for several months has patrolled the streets of El Paso in co-operation with the local police, being the only soldiers remaining in the downtown district.

A statement, issued by Tom Lea, mayor, after an investigation into the recent firing of shots at two municipal officials of El Paso from the Mexican side of the line, said that if any further shots are fired at policemen or officials they will be returned.

As a further precaution, street car traffic from El Paso to Juarez was stopped tonight.

Reports of a Mexican raid near Camutillo, about fifteen miles north of here, caused some excitement this evening locally until it developed that the trouble was a private affair between Mexican ranch hands. Two Mexicans, after killing a fellow Mexican in a quarrel, were chased by a sheriff's posse into Old Mexico.

MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH ACCEPT INVITATION

Roscoe W. Eardley, secretary of the Utah Manufacturers' association, was in Ogden last night, having returned from visit to all of the towns on the line of the Ogden, Logan & Idaho Railway company, between Ogden and Preston. He reported a healthy condition of enthusiasm among the merchants of the towns visited over their prospective visit to Ogden next week as guests of the Ogden branch of the Utah Manufacturers' association.

The excursion party from northern Utah, he said, "will include about seven-eighths of the merchants in cities and towns along the interurban line. That is, there will be from 175 to 200 merchants in the crowd. The number of acceptances of invitations reached 174 today. Logan, of course, will send the largest crowd, but Lewiston will probably have the largest percentage."

Probably the most interesting part is the enthusiasm of the men, who are pleased with the prospect of visiting the factories, to see just how the Utah-made goods they sell are manufactured.

According to the committee arranging for the visit of the northern merchants, transportation will be mailed today to those who have accepted invitations, so they will have sufficient time to make their plans.

JEWELRY IS STOLEN BY NIGHT BURGLARS.

Salt Lake, June 17.—Gaining entrance by breaking the skylight in the roof and then forcing loose the heavy screen underneath, burglars "dropped" into Smith's Diamond shop, 155 South Main street, at an early hour yesterday morning, carried away choice gold jewelry to the value of \$1000 and departed, leaving no clue for the officers to follow.

The robbery is one of the most baffling in recent years in Salt Lake. It was evidently carefully planned by men who knew their business, for only the most expensive and highest grade stock was taken from the store, the burglars making a careful selection from the various show cases and also from the goods on display in both of the front windows.

MYTON LAND BILL PASSED BY HOUSE

Washington, June 16.—The house today passed Senator Smoot's bill, previously passed by the senate, authorizing the grant of lands to the town of Myton for cemetery, public park, water supply and school purposes. The house amended the bill to require payment of \$125 an acre for the lands.

The house also passed an important bill, introduced by Representative Smith of Idaho, which provides for making government lands within an organized irrigation district subject to the same state laws, as security for the issuance of irrigation bonds, as private lands within the district. It is claimed that the legislation will enable many irrigation districts to dispose of bonds so that they may obtain their irrigation systems, which they are now unable to do.

SENATOR BURLEIGH SUMMONED BY DEATH

Augusta, Me., June 16.—United States Senator Edwin C. Burleigh died at his residence here tonight. Senator Burleigh's death was due to acute indigestion. He was ill only a few hours. His wife died a month ago in Washington.

Mr. Burleigh was governor of this state four years, from 1889 to 1893. In 1897 he was elected to congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Seth L. Milliken, and served until the Democratic landslide in 1910, when he was defeated. He was elected to the senate from Maine for a six-year term by the legislature of 1913.

RAILROAD MEN READY TO ACT

Strike Ballots Being Printed—There Is Still Hope of Peaceful Settlement.

New York, June 16.—Although 500,000 strike ballots were ordered printed here today by the delegates of the four railroad brotherhoods who failed to reach an agreement with the railroads in their demands for shorter hours and higher overtime pay, leaders of the men and representatives of the railroad union in the declaration that while the situation is serious it is not hopeless. The ballots are to be delivered tomorrow and will be taken by the delegates to their homes for distribution to expedite the vote.

Both the railroad managers and the brotherhood leaders and delegates held secret day-long conferences. They discussed, it was learned, policies for their future conduct in the negotiations expected to follow the return of a strike vote. The brotherhood leaders are confident that more than 85 per cent of the men will vote in favor of a general strike, which, however, according to the working of the ballot, cannot be called until all efforts toward an amicable adjustment of their differences have failed.

Leaders of the railroads and the men were reluctant to issue official statements today touching on the probability of a compromise, but informal interviews indicated that both sides look to a settlement through mediation under the Newlands act. The railroads, the employees believe, may drop at the last moment their firm stand for the elimination of "double compensation" rules and consent to arbitrate the questions of hours and overtime.

Rather than precipitate a general strike, brotherhood leaders intimated the men might be satisfied with a nine-hour day and time and a quarter overtime, instead of the eight-hour day and time and a half.

"The situation is not as hopeless as it may seem at first glance," said A. R. Garretson, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors, who was spokesman for the men during the conference. The public must not lose sight of the fact that no counter-proposition has been offered by the railroads to the demands of the men. It is impossible for the brotherhoods to take a decisive stand until the railroads make their position clear. As the situation stands now, the brotherhoods submitted their demands to the railroads and they were rejected.

ATTACK MADE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

Salt Lake, June 17.—The state convention of health officers closed at the capitol yesterday afternoon with an address by Dr. T. B. Beatty, secretary of the state board of health, in which he administered a stiff rebuke to those communities which did not send their health officers to the meetings.

The last day was also marked by a vigorous attack on Christian Science and chiropractors by Dr. C. E. McDermond of Warburg.

The law says communities must send their health officers to the conventions," said Dr. Beatty, "and yet only one-fifth of the communities in this state which have health officers sent them to this convention. This is the only time during the year the health officers have to meet and exchange ideas, and every community should think enough of the public health question to be represented."

The fifty or so health officers who were at the convention voted it one of the most successful the state association has ever held in respect to the subjects discussed.

Two Dread Diseases.

Dr. K. S. Keyting of Salt Lake was one of the speakers yesterday afternoon. His subject was "Whooping Cough and Measles." "These two diseases," said Dr. Keyting, "cause more death in Utah than scarlet fever and diphtheria. Deaths from whooping cough and measles are 50 per cent greater in this state than from scarlet fever and diphtheria, and yet some people regard whooping cough and measles as mild and harmless diseases of children."

The need of decreasing infant mortality and the value of the public health nurse in teaching mothers how properly to care for little children were pointed out in an address given by Dr. R. W. Ashley, health commissioner of Salt Lake.

"Sewage Disposal," was discussed by Dr. W. E. Whalen, health commissioner of Ogden. Dr. R. A. Pearce of Brigham City gave a paper on Rocky Mountain spotted fever, in which he described how that deadly complaint was being spread through the mountain states by a wood tick. Until recently the germ this tick carried was undiscovered, and there was no prescribed treatment for the spotted fever. It is frequently fatal to human beings.

Vigorous Attack Made.

Dr. C. C. McDermid, health officer of Winterquarters, made his attack upon Christian Science in the course of his paper, entitled, "Quacks, Cults and Nostrums in Relation to Public Health."

"Christian Science is neither Christian nor scientific," said the doctor. He said that a Christian Science practitioner regarded himself as efficient to cure all ills of mankind when he had purchased a copy of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy's book and had purchased for himself a silk-edged Prince Albert coat.

Dr. McDermid also denounced chiropractors, saying that they attempted to treat the sick without even knowing the rudiments of the requirements, the knowledge of diagnosis.

MR. MORONI OLSEN will accept a limited number of pupils in Public Speaking and Dramatic Reading during the summer months. Studio: Ogden Conservatory of Music—Advertisement.

Read the Classified Ads.

AMERICANS ARE NOT IN DANGER

Troops in Mexico in Good Position and Trenches Have Been Made.

Washington, June 16.—There were no indications here tonight that the administration's determination to continue the campaign against bandits in Mexico would in any way be altered by General Trevino's reported threat to begin hostilities if the American troops move from their present positions in any direction except toward the border.

General Pershing's orders authorize him to move in any direction he finds necessary to his purposes. In the absence of Secretary Baker, who is in St. Louis, no official word predict whether these orders would be changed, but the general impression prevailed that they would not be.

There is no fear of an immediate clash, however, for officials believe General Pershing would avoid taking any step that might lead to serious trouble until he had communicated with Washington. Late tonight the war department had no word from him or from any other source to confirm the report of General Trevino's action. Recent troop movements in Chihuahua state have led officials here to fear that the de facto commanders were preparing for some hostile move.

The Mexican forces now are distributed in detachments of considerable strength on two lines, converging from points near the border east and west of General Pershing's line and meeting at a point south of his field base at Namiquipa. The effect has been to enclose the American troops in a gigantic "V."

This disposition of Carranza forces has been one of the bases of suspicion here as to the working of the ballot. While the Mexicans are so posted, officials declare they cannot be in good faith conducting any campaign against bandits, but they can keep close watch upon the movement of General Pershing's men. The breaking up of these forces into small parties to scour the country for outlaws, is one of the conditions which would be demanded by the United States before the American expedition would be recalled.

PRESIDENT SEES VICTORY AHEAD

Washington, June 16.—President Wilson is pleased and enthusiastic over the St. Louis convention. He believes it assures a united Democracy with Tammany and William J. Bryan doing their utmost to re-elect him. The support of both elates him.

Those who discussed politics with the president today thus described his feelings. He is said to have been particularly optimistic in his remarks at the cabinet meeting today. Members of the cabinet expressed confidence that the Democrats will carry the election in November.

Tentative plans discussed at the White House today were for the president to receive the notification committee at the new summer capital, Shadow Lawn, near Long Branch, N. J., on June 24. It is the present plan of the president to spend only week-ends at Shadow Lawn until congress adjourns. Mrs. Wilson will go with him to the summer home, probably next week, and remain there probably during the summer.

During the coming week the president will hold several important political conferences. Vance C. McCormick of Harrisburg, Pa., who was selected by the president to be chairman of the Democratic national committee to succeed William F. McCombs, is expected to confer with the president before taking up his work.

After the president has talked the political situation over with party leaders he will reach a definite decision about a tour of the country. His first stop will be before the New York Press club on June 30. He purposes to continue his defiance of the "hyphenates" in a determined manner.

LEGAL NOTICES

PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP NOTICES

Consult County Clerk or the Responsible Signers for Further Information.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In the district court of the Second Judicial district of the state of Utah, in and for the County of Weber.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Rastus Gibbons, Deceased. Creditors will present claims with vouchers to the undersigned, at the office of Joseph E. Evans, Suite 518, David Eccles building, in Ogden, Utah, on or before October 5, 1916.

EDWARD E. GIBBONS, Executor. Dated—Ogden, Utah, June 2, 1916. JOSEPH E. EVANS, Attorney for Executor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Creditors of the estate of David H. Jenkins, deceased, will present claims, with vouchers, to the undersigned administrator at the office of Valentine Gideon, First National Bank Building, Ogden, Utah, on or before ten months from the date of the first publication of this notice.

Dated June 3, 1916. JOSEPH JENKINS, Administrator.

VALENTINE GIDEON, Attorney for Administrator. First publication, June 3, 1916. Last publication, July 1, 1916.

SUMMONS. In the District Court of Weber County, State of Utah. Madeline Ward, Plaintiff vs. W. H. Ward, Defendant.

The State of Utah to the said Defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, if served within the County in which this action is brought; otherwise, within thirty days after service, and defend the above entitled action; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

LOW FARES EAST

FOLLOWING SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES FROM OGDEN

Chicago	\$58.00	Omaha	\$40.00
St. Paul	56.44	Kansas City	40.00
St. Louis	51.20	Memphis	60.00
Peoria	57.28	Denver	22.50

Colorado Springs	\$22.50
Pueblo	22.50

STOPOVER PRIVILEGES

TICKETS ON SALE
June 14, 17, 21, 24, 28;
July 5, 12, 19, 26;
August 2, 9, 16, 23, 30;
September 6, 13;
Final Return Limit, October 31, 1916

DIVERSE ROUTES

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PAUL L. BEEMER, City Pass. and Ticket Agent.



pear within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, if served within the County in which this action is brought; otherwise, within thirty days after service, and defend the above entitled action; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

This action is brought to recover a judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony now and heretofore existing between you and plaintiff.

T. R. O'CONNOLLY, Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address, No. 389 Twenty-fourth Street, Ogden Utah. Rooms 18 and 17 Commercial Nat'l Bank Building. First publication, May 20, 1916. Last publication, June 24, 1916.

NOTICE OF INTENTION.

Notice is hereby given by the Board of Commissioners of Ogden City, Utah, of the intention of said Board of Commissioners to make the following described improvement, to-wit: To create both sides of Twentieth Street between Wall and Washington Avenues as a curb and gutter district and to construct therein, including all intersections, concrete curbs and gutters, the removal of all trees, fences, poles, buildings, the building of all culverts, irrigation and drainage systems, and round corners for driveways, complete sidewalks at all intersections, together with the necessary grading therefor, and all other things necessary to complete the whole in a proper manner according to the plans, specifications, and profiles on file in the office of the City Engineer, and to defray the whole of the cost and expense of the abutor's portion thereof by a levy of a special tax to be assessed upon the lots or pieces of ground within the following described district, being the district to be affected or benefitted by such improvement, namely: All the land lying between the outer boundary lines of said street and a line drawn fifty feet back from and parallel to said outer boundary line on both sides of Twentieth street between Wall and Washington Avenues, being Lot 4 of Block 53, Plat "A"; Lots 3, 4, 5, 14, and 30 of Block 7, Five-Acre Plat "A"; Lots 1 to 11, inclusive, of Block 1, Lots 1 to 11, inclusive, of Block 2, Lots 1 to 11, inclusive, of Block 3, Lots 1 to 22, inclusive, of Block 4, and Block 5, all in Riverside Park Addition; Lot 6 of Block 1, Lots 12 to 17, inclusive, of Block 2, and Lot 1 to 9, inclusive, of Block 3, all in Thomas L. Williams Estate Subdivision, all in Ogden City Survey.

The total cost of said improvement is estimated at five thousand (\$5,000.00) dollars.

All protests or objections to such improvement or to the carrying out of such intention must be presented in writing signed by the owners of the property describing the same together with the number of abutting front feet and be filed with the City Recorder on or before the 10th day of July, 1916.

The Board of Commissioners at its first regular meeting thereafter, to-wit, the 11th day of July, 1916, will consider the proposed levy and hear and consider such protests or objections to said improvement as shall have been made.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of Ogden City, Utah.
Dated June 16, 1916.
(Signed) WALTER RICHEY, City Recorder.

Curb and Gutter District No. 122. First publication, June 16, 1916. Last publication, July 8, 1916. Published in Ogden Standard.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Estate of William C. Penrod, Deceased.

The undersigned will sell, at private sale, the following described real and personal property, situated in Weber County, State of Utah, to-wit: An undivided one-third right, title, interest and estate in and to the three following described tracts of land in Weber County, Utah, to-wit:

Part of the Southwest Quarter of Section Seven, Township Seven North, Range One East, Salt Lake Meridian, United States Survey; Beginning at a point on the East line of the said Quarter Section 1375.2 feet South 0 degrees 25 minutes west from the northeast corner thereof, and running thence North 39 degrees 44 minutes west 820.8 feet; thence north 82 degrees 9 minutes west 280.5 feet; thence south 73 degrees 21 minutes west 1579.5 feet; thence south 500 feet; thence south 73 degrees 21 minutes west 50 feet to the west line of

said quarter section; thence south to the southwest corner of said quarter section; thence east of the southeast corner of the said quarter section; thence north 0 degrees 25 minutes east 1282.2 feet along the east line of the said quarter section to the place of beginning, containing 57.3 acres more or less. The other undivided two-thirds interest is owned and held by Oliver A. Penrod and Cyrus A. Penrod, brothers of the decedent. The said land is mountainous pasture land without water right of any kind and has no buildings or improvements upon it.

Part of the northeast quarter of section eighteen, Township Seven North, Range One East, Salt Lake meridian, United States survey; beginning at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section 18, thence north 85 degrees 30 minutes east to a point 1855.2 feet South 85 degrees 30 minutes west from the northeast corner of said quarter section, south 19 degrees 54 minutes east 682.6 feet, north 85 degrees 30 minutes east 549.5 feet, south 0 degrees 6 minutes, west parallel with the east section line, 25 rods north 85 degrees 30 minutes east 65 rods to section line, thence south along section line to a point 38 rods north of the southeast corner of said quarter section, thence west 80 rods, thence north 42 rods, thence west 80 rods more or less to the west line of said quarter section, thence north to beginning. The other undivided two-thirds interest is owned and held by Oliver A. Penrod and Cyrus A. Penrod, brothers of the decedent. Of the last above tract of land 20 acres is cultivated and irrigated and has a log house and hay shed upon it. The balance of the land is mountainous pasture land without water rights of any kind or improvements upon it.

All of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty, township seven north, range one east of the Salt Lake meridian, United States survey. Excepting, however, the following described tract of land, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of said northwest quarter section, and running thence east 19 rods and 3 feet, thence south 50 rods, thence in a northerly direction to a point 30 rods and 13 feet south of the place of beginning, thence north 30 rods and 13 feet to the place of beginning. The other undivided two-thirds interest is owned and held by Oliver A. Penrod and Cyrus A. Penrod, brothers of the decedent. The last above described tract of land is all cultivated and irrigated and has a log house, two sheds and granary standing upon it.

Also the entirety of a contract with the State of Utah dated November 10, 1910, and numbered 14478, for the sale by the State to the decedent, William C. Penrod, of all of Section 42 in township 8 north of range one east of the Salt Lake meridian, United States survey, containing 640 acres, for the sum of \$1600.00 and interest, payable

as follows: \$160.00 principal, and \$16.80 interest, at the time of purchase and \$144.00 annually and accruing interest on the deferred payments on the first day of January of each year until and including January 1, 1920. Upon which \$592.00 of the principal and the accrued interest up to and including January 1, 1913, aggregating \$268.80 had been paid at the date of the death of the decedent. The tract of land described in the foregoing contract with the state is mountainous range land and has no improvements of any kind upon it.

Four horses, three colts, two cows, sundry farming implements and machinery, sundry household goods and effects; in or after the 28th day of June A. D. 1916, and written bids for the same will be received at the residence of the undersigned, in the town of Liberty in the county of Weber, and State of Utah, until 10 o'clock a. m. of said date.

Terms of sale, cash; 10 per cent to accompany each bid and the balance on confirmation of sale by the court. Dated June 15, 1916.

OLIVER A. PENROD, Sole Administrator of Said Estate. C. C. RICHARDS, Attorney for Administrator.

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SUMMER EXCURSIONS

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Denver	\$22.50	St. Louis	\$51.20
Colorado Springs	22.50	Chicago	58.00
Omaha	40.00	Memphis	60.00
Kansas City	40.00	Minneapolis	56.44

PROPORTIONATELY LOW RATES TO OTHER POINTS.

STOPOVERS. SALE DATES.
June 14, 17, 21, 24, 28.
July 5, 12, 19, 26.
August 2, 9, 16, 23, 30.
September 6 and 13. Final Limit Returning, October 31, 1916.

PACIFIC COAST EXCURSIONS.
San Francisco \$40.00
San Francisco via Los Angeles 40.00
San Francisco via Portland 58.50
On sale daily Return October 31st.

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UINTA BASIN EXCURSIONS, \$26.80
Round-trip Ogden to Fort Duchesne, and return every Tuesday, commencing May 2nd. Route via Mack, Colorado. Uinta Railway to Watson, and Auto stage thence to Fort Duchesne. Call at office for information regarding Indian lands.

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Frank Fouts, General Agent.